PE SCHEME OF WORK RUGBY FOR KEY STAGE 3, YEAR 7

INTENT - RATIONALE INTENT - CONCEPTS LESSON MAP SKILLS MAP TACTICAL DECISION-MAKING MAP



Intent – rationale

Sequencing: Prior knowledge and subsequent learning Links to other subjects, skills for Maths Links to National Curriculum for Key Stage 3 (Y7)

Intent concepts

What knowledge will be gained (Know | Apply | Extend) Subject-specific language Opportunities to assess: Q&A (with examples)

Lesson map

Lesson title, learning challenge, higher level challenge, activity suggestions

Example of a PE scheme of work for Key Stage 3 (Y7). Please adapt for other stages and ages.

Skills map

The sequence: Preparation, Execution, Follow-through/Recovery Expected level, challenge, support priority Stages of improvement

Tactical decision-making map

The sequence: Preparation, Execution, Follow-through/Recovery Expected level, challenge, support priority Stages of improvement

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RUGBY INTENT - RATIONALE

In this unit, pupils focus on how to use the basic principles of attack and defence to plan strategy and tactics for **T1 Rugby**. Pupils will work on improving the quality of their skills with the intention of outwitting opponents. In all game activities, pupils think about how to use skills, strategies, and tactics to outwit the opposition.

Sequencing – what prior knowledge does this topic build upon	Sequencing – what subsequent learning does this topic feed into	
From other sports – principles of attack and defence From other sports – how to keep to rules and values Working in groups to plan how to win a game Knowing the difference between attack and defence	eep to rules and valuesYear 8 T1 Rugbyv to win a gameInvasion games – attack and defence	
Links to other subjects in the curriculum	Skills for Maths	
Literacy: Key words (see concepts) PSHE: discipline	Scoring, overloads	
Links to Key Stage 3 (Y7) national curriculum intentions	T1 Rugby specific intentions	
Become more competent, confident and expert in their techniques, and apply them to T1 Rugby.	 Use passing, catching and evasion to outwit defenders. Understand how to coord trias, apply programs to 	
 Understand what makes a performance effective and how to apply these principles to their own and others' work. 	d what makes a performance effective and by these principles to their own and	
 Develop the confidence and interest to get involved in exercise, sports and activities out of school and in later life, and understand and apply the long-term health benefits of physical activity. 		

RUGBY INTENT - CONCEPTS

What knowledge will students gain and what skills will they develop as a consequence of this topic?		What subject-specific language will be used and developed in this topic?	
Know	How to pass How to catch How to evade How to support teammates in attack and defence How to organise themselves in attack and defence How to work with others to choose and put into practice tactics for attacking and defending	Pass Score a try Cannot pass the ball forward Touch-tackle Evasion	
Apply	Choose pass and evasion to apply pressure to score tries Choose simple tactics to score tries Choose simple tactics to defend	Kicking Offside Tactics: Attack, defence, territory Tap and Pass Penalty Scrum	
Extend	Choose plays to score tries Be fluent in the use of skills Plan tactics Take leadership roles in training and games Reflect on games	Onside Breakdown area Knock-on Intercept Lineout	

WHAT OPPORTUNITIES ARE AVAILABLE FOR ASSESSING STUDENTS' PROGRESS?

Question and answer sessions for understanding rules and tactics Formative assessment: Performance criteria during training Summative assessment: Game performance

Q&A Examples

Question	Good	Excellent	Good to start answer
What direction can you pass the ball?	Backwards.	Not forwards towards the try line.	When touch-tackled.
What is meant by a touch-tackle?	The ball carrier is touched by a defender.	The ball carrier is touched below the shoulders, but not aggressively.	Contact with the ball carrier.
What happens if the ball is dropped?	If it goes forward towards their try line, we stop and restart with a scrum, otherwise play on.	lf the non-attacking team pick up the ball, they can play. Otherwise, it is a scrum.	lt is a scrum.
How do you position yourself to score a try as a team?	Spread out across the field.	Look to where they are fewer or slower defenders and then move the ball there.	Get close to the ball carrier (thinking individually rather than as a team).



Lesson title	Learning challenge	Higher level challenge	Suggested activities and resources
Scoring tries	Prior Knowledge: Scoring a try, being touch-tackled Go forward to score tries, using evasive skills Stop go forward	Connect as a defence to stop tries Fluent movement to avoid touch	Raggy tag Try scoring Bulletball
Pass: Handling	Prior Knowledge: Pass if touch-tackled Pass the ball if not going forward	Pass the ball before being touch-tackled	Passing race Pass and run Bulletball upgrade
Onside: Post tackle	Prior Knowledge: Not able to touch unless onside Forming a rip and pass tackle Organising in defence after a rip and pass	How to play from a rip-and-pass How to put pressure on the first receiver from a rip-and-pass	Onside Rip and pass T1 Rugby minus 2
Set piece: Scrum/ lineout	Prior Knowledge: Restart needed after an infringement Setting up a scrum and lineout Playing from a scrum and lineout	How to play from set-pieces	Scrum play Lineout play T1 Rugby minus 1
Kicking: Reorganise	Prior Knowledge: Kicking a soccer ball to get closer to the goal How to kick and how to chase kick How to catch and return kick	How to manage territory	Save the world Kick chase T1 Rugby
Scoring: Attack and defence	Prior Knowledge: Score a try, support a ball carrier Using the six touch-tackles to apply pressure to score	How to create or defend overlaps	Attack Defend T1 Rugby (scenarios)





PASSING

The skill	The sequence	Expected level	Challenge	Support priority
Basics of passing	Preparation	Look at target Two hands on ball Load onto hip	Run with hips facing up pitch	Two hands in the middle of the ball Look at target
	Execution	Push ball from far hip (furthest from receiver) Towards receiver 1m to 5m	Pass further Pass for a player to run onto	Smile passing action
	Follow-through/recovery	Finish with hands to target Run to support receiver	Pass and loop	Finish with hands towards target

STAGES OF PASSING SKILL IMPROVEMENTS

Basic pass \rightarrow pass from rip-and-pass (RAP) \rightarrow pass to a moving player \rightarrow pass before touch-tackle \rightarrow tactical pass (to a player in a better position to go forward)

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The tactic	The sequence	Expected level	Challenge	Support priority
Attack Go forward to score a try	Preparation	Look for space	Communicate opportunities	Positioning for attack
	Execution	Run to space Pass ball to space	Fix defenders	Passing before touch
	Follow-through/ recovery	Support the ball carrier	Set up for next phase	Follow pass

STAGES OF GO FORWARD TO SCORE IMPROVEMENTS

Run to space \rightarrow pass to a teammate \rightarrow identify space \rightarrow pass to space \rightarrow call for pass to space \rightarrow accelerate into space \rightarrow create space (fix defenders) \rightarrow chain passes to space \rightarrow outwit opponent with running lines

The tactic	The sequence	Expected level	Challenge	Support priority
Defence Deny time and close down space	Preparation	Mirror attackers	Communicate threats	Who are you marking
	Execution	Run forward as a connected line	Speed coming forward	Who are you going to touch-tackle
	Follow-through/recovery	Make touch, form tackle- triangle, get onside	Re-position to mirror possible attack	Get onside after touch-tackle

STAGE OF DENY TIME AND CLOSE DOWN SPACE

Mirror attacker \rightarrow make a touch-tackle \rightarrow go forward to make a touch-tackle \rightarrow go forward with a team-mate to make a touch-tackle \rightarrow communicate threats \rightarrow go forward quickly with a team-mate \rightarrow recover from touch-tackle: triangle or get onside

